DOCUMENT RESUME

BD 104 503

JC 750 291

AUTHOR

Larsen, Claire J.

TITLE

Summary and Conclusions of a Survey of Residents Residing Within a Three-Mile Radius of the Downtown

Center [Bakersfield College (California)].

INSTITUTION

Bakersfield Coll., Calif.

PUB DATE NOTE

Nov 73

EDRS PRICE

HF-\$0.76 HC-\$1.58 PLUS POSTAGE

DESCRIPTORS

Community Attitudes; Community Schools: Community Study; *Community Surveys; *Educational Needs:

Enrollment Influences: *Junior Colleges: *Off Campus

Facilities: *Outreach Programs: Student Participation: Vocational Education

IDENTIFIERS

*Bakersfield College; California (Bakersfield); Needs

Assessment

5p.

ABSTRACT

To assess the needs of residenis in proximity to the Downtown Center of Bakersfield College (California), a stratified random sampling of addresses was chosen and adults at each address were interviewed. A total of 422 interviews were conducted by sociology students from the college and by paid student interviewers. Thirty-five percent of the respondents indicated less than a high school education, and another 27 percent had no postsecondary education. Of the 38 percent of the respondents with college experience, less than 12 percent claimed to have earned a degree at any level. Vocational preparation and remedial reading and arithmetic were ranked as the goals that the community feels should be given top priority at the college. Along the same lines, vocational and curriculum counseling were rated as more important than personal problems counseling. Perceptions regarding the college, its Downtown Center, and postsecondary education in general are also reviewed. Of note is the finding that 69 percent of the Chicano respondents favored Spanish language instruction for selected courses. (Author/AH)





U S DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH. EDUCATION & WELFARE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF
EDUCATION
THIS DOCUMENT HAS BEEN REPRO
DUCED EXACTLY AS RECEIVED FROM
HHE PERSON OR ORGANIZATION ORIGIN
ATING IT POINTS OF VIEW OR OPINIONS
STATED DO NOT NECESSARILY REPRE
SENT OFFICIAL NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF
EDUCATION POSITION OR POLICY

To: Faculty and Administration

From: Claire J. Larsen
Date: November 1, 1973

Subject: Summary and Conclusions of a Survey of Residents Residing

Within a Three-mile Radius of the Downtown Center

This report is based on a summary of 422 interviews, whose respondents represent .5 percent of the population of Bakersfield residing within a three-mile radius of the Downtown Center. The summary was made in the Spring Semester, 1973. A stratified random sampling of addresses was chosen and adults at each address were interviewed either by Mr. Rhea's sociology students or by paid student interviewers. A crude measure of external validity for the survey was obtained by comparing the data produced with the 1970 census data for Bakersfield. With the exception of classification of the occupation of heads of households the interview results were within acceptable limits. Generalization is restricted to the indicated area.

Preliminary to examining the report the reader is reminded that the survey area contains a mixture of housing including some from the lower socio-economic areas of the community. As an illustration, when asked about the extent of schooling completed, 35 percent of the respondents indicated less than a high school education and another 27 percent had no postsecondary education. Of the 38 percent of the respondents with college experiences less than 12 percent laid claim to an Associate, Bachelor's or higher degree. Individuals desiring to see the tabled data on which these and other comments are based are referred to the full report submitted to the President of the College.

My thanks to Dr. Charles Carlson and Dr. James Young who aided in the construction of the instrument, to Wayne Culver, who helped phrase the statements concerning counseling, and to Lanning Flint and his staff for tabulating the survey answers. A special thanks to David Rhea and his students for their assistance and cooperation. The ultimate responsibility for the design, conclusions and any possible errors are my own.

The survey was an attempt to produce data relevant to several questions dealing with the Downtown Center and the operational philosophy of Bakersfield College ganerally. Each question and the conclusions suggested by this survey will be treated briefly.

What goals should be given priority for Bakersfield College?

The top five out of nine goal areas ranked according to the response means are:

(1) Preparing students for specific jobs; (2) Remedial reading and arithmetic; (3) Preparing students to transfer; (4) Counseling, especially for minorities and the poor; (5) English, mathematics and science. Rankings by subgrouping according to age or ethnic origin agreed closely with this grouping. "Vocational Preparation" was also the top priority goal area identified by the Institutional Goals Inventory at Bakersfield College a year earlier.

What types of counseling are most desired?

As indicated above, counseling seems to rank well up in the priorities suggested by this survey. Cross checking the subcatagories showed that there is some difference between various groupings by ethnic origin, age, tract, etc. However, the only clear pattern that emerges is that each group rates personal problem counseling lower than counseling dealing with job skills, selection of courses, and choice of career. This suggests that increased emphasis should be given to counseling related to vocational preparation and overcoming basic skills handicaps.

What are the perceptions regarding the desirability of classes in the DTC?

When respondents were asked where they would wish to take a course given the several alternatives posed, 44 percent indicated the main campus, 21 percent opted for the Downtown Center, and 35 percent desired a local school, church, etc. Preference for the DTC by ethnic group were as follows: Anglos 22 percent, Blacks 20 percent, and Chicanos 11 percent. Of the 18-20 year old group, 54 percent preferred classes at the main campus, another 22 percent selected the DTC. When relationships between preference for the DTC and nearness to the DTC or distance from the main campus were tested correlations ranging from .1588 to .4763 were found. The evidence suggests that many people prefer to attend classes in their own neighborhoods and the DTC will draw people who would not have attended on the main campus.

Should the College experiment with alternate methods of registration?

This question can be answered very simply, "Yes." In fact the College has already experimented with mail registration for part-time students taking the television courses. Following are the alternatives with the percentage selected as first choice given in parenthesis:

In person-main campus (41%), in person-DTC (15%), by mail (18%), by phone (17%), nearby shopping center (8%).

What self-perceptions are held regarding continuing postsecondary education?

Data and conclusions in this area are shaky. Respondents apparently claimed a greater number of educational activities than were undertaken in some areas as judged from external sources such as attendance at Bakersfield College. The caveat aside, if responses are used to speculate on perceptions about where people think they might obtain continuing education in Bakersfield, the College is second only to On the Job Training and is closely followed by short courses and conferences. Managerial-professional groups claimed 1.6 educational activities each for the year. Those classified as unskilled claimed .71 each. The assumption is made that these and related figures indicate a wide-spread perception that postsecondary educational activities are important in the respondent's lives.

What affiliation is claimed with Bakersfield College?

Although 27 percent of the respondents claim to have had formal affiliation with Bakersfield College only 5 percent indicated that they had completed a program. These figures stand as indictment and challenge to the College.



What factors are suggested sufficient to prevent people from enrolling at Bakersfield College?

Here are the factors suggested and the percentage responding that an adult in their household does not attend BC because of them: Transportation, 16 percent; cost, 20 percent; lack of skill in the "3R's," 11 percent; not comfortable in college, 14 percent; and, doesn't know what college offers, 21 percent.

In every case the percentage of response indicated that the item was a more serious factor for minorities than for Anglos. Outreach, keeping direct costs to students down, and directed advertising are suggested solutions.

What are the preferred times and days for classes?

As might be expected the preferred times are 7-10 p.m. and 9-11 a.m. on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

What is the preferred mode of transportation?

The automobile is the means of transportation preferred by most of the residents of the surveyed area. Bus transportation is also important.

What courses are perceived as most likely to be of interest to respondent and members of their households?

The courses most frequently chosen were English, reading, math, supervision and management training. This group was followed by art, home economics, speech, child development, office skills, music and accounting. Although there were some differences in the rankings of the twenty-five course areas there was a high degree of correlation among the various ethnic groups in ranking the courses by preference.

Should courses be taught in Spanish?

Further discussion of the question with Spanish speaking residents may be appropriate. It is evident that the Chicano respondents saw this as a need since 69% of them answered in the affirmative to this question.

Summary

Although it has generated more discussion and may be expected to enroll more students than any other single satellite learning center in the district, the Downtown Center may be placed in perspective by noting that it will be added to over twenty off-campus sites where instruction is already offered by Bakersfield College. It will soon be necessary to examine the effectiveness of these efforts to extend our services to the community. The likelihood of that accounting being positive will be greatly enhanced if the faculty joins with the administration in exploring the implications found in this survey and elsewhere.

Final planning for the opening of the Downtown Center and other planning for the College should incorporate response to the changing demands on our resources. How, for example, should the College respond to the suggested ranking of goals? Survey respondents placed "preparing students for specific jobs" at the head of the list of priorities for the College. Their responses are consistent with a national trend which suggests ". . . a lessening in the demand for a traditional



college education and a rising demand for career education. . ." (Bushnell, 1973:116) and the prediction of a panel of 385 experts that the likelihood is "high" that "the propor" on of students in postsecondary vocational programs will increase." (Huckfoldt 1972:41) Another example of a shift in the type of service demanded may be indicated by the location of remedial reading and arithmetic as second among the goals. This surprising ranking may cause us to ponder the prediction of Bushnell, "Tomorrow's institutions will select their most able instructors to work with the low-achieving student. As learning specialists, they will enjoy a certain status and have administrative backing for their efforts." (1973:112)

This report may be best used along with other information such as the Inventory for Bakersfield College reported by the Educational Testing Service in July of 1972, the specialized knowledge of various faculty and staff members, and other institutional data. Other surveys should be conducted to sample the opinions of residents in other portions of our service area. Needs assessment should be an ongoing activity. The administration, the Academic Senate, departments, and special groups—such as the College Directions Committee—need to monitor available information, suggest additional information which should be sought, and provide leadership to enable each of us to participate in shaping our institution to more fully meet the demands placed on a community college.

SOURCES CITED

UNIVERSITY OF CALIF.
LOS ANGELES

MAY 23 1975

CLEARINGHOUSE FOR JUNIOR COLLEGE INFORMATION



Bushnell, David S. <u>Organizing for Change: New Priorities for Community Colleges.</u>
New York: McGraw-Hill Book Co., 1973.

Huckfeldt, Vaughn E. <u>A Forecast of Changes in Postsecondary Education</u>. Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education, 1972.

TABLE II (CONTINUED)

	TOTAL		Honolulu		Kapio	ani	Kauai		Leewa	ırd	Maui		Windw	ard -
LOCAL ADDRESS: OAHU ONLY Honolulu Leeward Windward No Data	2,191 860 1,061 266 4	100 39 48 12 <1	404 238 128 37	100 59 32 9 <1	460 405 25 30	100 88 5 7	*		1,132 204 907 19 2	100 18 80 2 <1	**		195 13 1 180 1	100 7 1 92 1
STUDENT STATUS Continuing Returning Readmit New Transfer No Data	1,418 147 2 818 387 24	51 5 <1 29 14 1	151 12 161 80	37 3 40 20	217 30 1 127 • 85	47 7 <1 28 19	238 29 125 43 22	52 6 27 9 5	656 51 292 133	58 5 26 12	53 11 56 27 1	36 7 38 18 1	103 14 1 57 19 1	53 7 1 29 10
ENTERING STUDENTS ONLY Hawaii High Schools Other (GED, Non-Grads) Out-of-State No Data	818 501 79 213 25	100 61 10 26 3	161 71 16 56 18	100 44 10 35 11	127 90 7 30	100 71 6 24	125 92 4 29	100 74 3 23	292 177 40 69 6	100 61 14 24 2	56 38 4 13 1	100 68 8 23	57 33 8 16	100 58 14 28
HAWAII HIGH SCHOOL GRADS Entering Immediately 1970-1973 Graduates Before 1970 No Data	501 22 79 393 7	100 4 16 78 1	71 2 7 61 1	100 3 10 86 1	90 2 24 63 1	100 2 27 70 1	92 1 10 80 1	100 1 11 87 1	177 14 29 132 2	100 8 16 75 1	38 2 36	100 5 95	33 3 7 21 2	100 9 21 64 6

^{*}Lihue 103, 23%; Kawaihau 93, 20%; Waimea 129, 28%; Koloa 98, 21%; Hanalei 5, 1%; No Data 29, 6%.



^{**}Kahului 35, 24%; Wailuku 31, 21%; Kihei-Puunene 10, 7%; Makawao 36, 24%; Lahaina 3, 2%; Molokai 33, 22%.

TABLE III PROFILE OF STUDENTS BY TIME OF ATTENDANCE COMMUNITY COLLEGES SPRING 1975

Characteristic	EVENING CLASSES ON		DAY CLASSES ON	LY	EVENING-DA CLASSES	Æ.	
TCTAL ·	2,796		11,634		1,988		
SEX	Male	63%	Male	55%.	Male	648	
MAJORS	Gen & PP Unclassified Vocational	41% 30% 29%	Gen & PP Vocational Unclassified	51% 42% 7%	Gen & PP Vocational Unclassified	48% 43% 9%	
STUDENT STATUS	Continuing New	51% 29%	Continuing New	73% 14%	Continuing New	73% 14%	
FULL & PART-TIME STATUS	Fart-time	83%	Full-time	63%	Full-time	71%	
TOTAL SCH TAKEN	17,597		133,284	:	24,951		
AVERAGE SCH	6.3		11.5		12.6		
PERMANENT HOME ADDRESS	Hawaii	94%	Hawaii	95%	Hawaii	94%	
CITIZENSHIP STATUS	u.s.	97%	v.s.	93%	u.s.	95%	
MEAN AGE	31.2 Year	rs	23.7 Year	:s	26.6 Year	:s	
RESIDENT STATUS	Resident	91%	Resident	92%	Resident	93%	
LOCAL ADDRESS	Leeward	48%	Honolulu	51%	Honolulu	52%	
MARITAL STATUS	Married	63%	Single	75%	Single	55%	
HAWAII HIGH SCHOOL GRADS (new students only)	Before 1970	7 8%	Before 1970	38%	Before*1970	48%	

^{*}Classes held after 5:00 p.m.



TABLE IIIA PROFILE OF STUDENTS BY TIME OF ATTENDANCE HONOLULU COMMUNITY COLLEGE SPRING 1975

Characteristic	EVENING CLASSES ONL	Y*	DAY CLASSES ONL	Y	EVENING-DA CLASSES	.Y	
'TOTAL	404		2,615		528		
SEX	Male	50%	Male	77%	Male	71 ['] 8	
MAJOKS	Unclassified Vocational General & PP	54% 36% 9%	Vocational 68% General & PP 26% Unclassified 6%		Vocational General & PP Unclassified	59% 31% 10%	
STUDENT STATUS	New Continuing	40% 37%	Continuing New	69% 16%	Continuing New	69% 16%	
FULL & PART-TIME STATUS	Part-time	94%	Full-time	64%	Full-time	72%	
TOTAL SCH TAKEN	1,899		31,079		6,769		
AVERAGE SCH	4.7		11.9		12.8		
PERMANENT HOME ADDRESS	Hawaii	86%	Hawaii	97%	Hawaii	96%	
CITIZENSHIP STATUS	U.S.	98%	U.S.	94%	U.S.	95%	
METAN AGE	32.7 Year	:s	25.1 Years	5	26.7 Years		
RESIDENT STATUS	Resident	80%	Resident	95%	Resident	93%	
LOCAL ADDRESS	Honolulu	59%	Honolulu	68%	Honolulu	70%	
MARITAL STATUS	Married	65%	Single	72%	Single	53%	
HAWAII HIGH SCHOOL GRADS (new students only)	Before 1970	86%	Before 1970	53%	Before 1970	56%	

^{*}Classes held after 5:00 p.m.



TABLE IIIb PROFILE OF STUDENTS BY TIME OF ATTENDANCE KAPIOLANI COMMUNITY COLLEGE SPRING 1975

Characteristic	EVENING CLASSES ONL	Y:*	DAY CLASSES ONL	Y	EVENING-DA CLASSES		
TOTAL	460		2,782		399		
SEX	Male	52%	Female	63%	Female	50%	
MAJORS	Vocational Unclassified General & PP	49% 33% 18%	Vocational General & PP Unclassified	56% 38% 6%	Vocational General & PP Unclassified	61% 30% 8%	
STUDENT STATUS	Continuing New	47% 28%	Continuing New	75% 12%	Continuing New	67ય 18ય	
FULL & PART-TIME STATUS	Part-time	88% Full-time		66%	Full-time	70%	
TOTAL SCH TAKEN	2,759		32,764		5,043		
AVERAGE SCH	6.0		11.8		12.6		
PERMANENT HOME ADDRESS	Hawaii	98%	Hawaii	98%	Hawaii	96%	
CITIZENSHIP STATUS	U.S.	96%	U.S.	91%	U.S.	94%	
MEAN AGE	28.6 Years	}	22.0 Years	;	24.3 Years	3	
RESIDENT STATUS	Resident	97%	Resident	97%	Resident	97%	
LOCAL ADDRESS ·	Honolulu	888	Honolulu	83%	Honolulu	89%	
MARITAL STATUS	Single	52%	Single	84%	Single	72 %	
HAWAII HIGH SCHOOL GRADS (new students only)	Before 1970	70%	1974	43%	1974	42%	

^{*}Classes held after 5:00 p.m.



TABLE IIIC PROFILE OF STUDENTS BY TIME OF ATTENDANCE KAUAI COMMUNITY COLLEGE SPRING 1975

Characteristic	EVENING CLASSES ONL		DAY CLASSES ONL	Y	EVENING-DAY CLASSES		
TOTAL	457		454		149 .		
SEX	Male	64%	Female	52%	Male	57%	
MAJORS	Unclassified General & PP Vocational	43% 38% 14%	Vocational Unclassified General & PP	45% 26% 23%	Vocational General & PP Unclassified		
STUDENT STATUS	Continuing New	52% 27%	Continuing New	68% 17%	Continuing New	75 % 9%	
FULL & PART-TIME STATUS	Part-time	76%	Full-time	56%	Full-time	818	
TYTAL SCH TAKEN	3,007		4,924		2,005		
AVERAGE SCH	6.6		10.8		13.5		
PERMANENT HOME ADDRESS	Hawaii	92%	Hawaii	92%	Hawaii	89%	
CITIZENSHIP STATUS	U.S.	95%	U.S.	888	u.s.	89₺	
MEAN AGE	31.0 Years	5	24.9 Years	3	25.7 Years	5	
RESIDENT STATUS	Pesident	91%	Resident	888	Resident	85%	
LOCAL ADDRESS	Waimea	28%	Lihue	25%	Kawaihae	27%	
MARITAL STATUS	Married	66%	Single	68%	Single	57%	
HAWAII HIGH SCHOOL GRADS (new students only)	Before 1970	87%	Before 1970	43%	Before 1970	83%	

^{*}Classes held after 5:00 p.m.



TABLE IIId PROFILE OF STUDENTS BY TIME OF ATTENDANCE LEEWARD COMMUNITY COLLEGE SPRING 1975

Characteristics	EVENING CLASSES ONL	Y*	DAY CLASSES ONL	Y	EVENING-DAY CLASSES		
TOPAL	1,132		4,192		604		
SEX .	Male	73%	Male	56%	Male	71%	
MAJORS	General & PP Vocational Unclassified	57% 30% 14%	General & PP Vocational Unclassified	72% 22% 6%	General & PP Vocational Unclassified	65% 31% 5%	
STUDEMY STATUS	Continuing New	58% 26%	Continuing New	74% 13%	Continuing New	80% 11%	
FULL & PART-TIME STATUS	Part-time	79%	Full-time	62%	Full-time	6 9%	
TOTAL SCH TAKEN	7,837		46,207		7,201		
AVERAGE SCH	6.9		11.0	,	11.9		
PERMANENT HOME ADDRESS	Hawaii	94%	Hawaii	92%	Hawaii	93%	
CITIZENSHIP STATUS	U.S.	98%	v.s.	94%	U.S.	97 %	
MEAN AGE	31.9 Years	5	23.9 Years	3	28.3 Years		
RESIDENT STATUS	Resident	91%	Resident	87%	Resident	92%	
LOCAL ADDRESS	Leeward	80%	Leeward	69%	Leeward	79%	
MARTTAL STATUS	Married	~70%	Single	72%	Married	51\$	
HAWAII HIGH SCHOOL GRADS	Before 1970	75%	1974	36%	Before 1970	55%	

^{*}Classes held after 5:00 p.m.



TABLE IIIe PROFILE OF STUDENTS BY TIME OF ATTENDANCE MAUL COMMUNITY COLLEGE SPRING 1975

Characteristic	EVENING CLASSES ONL	γ*	DAY CLASSES ONL	Υ	EVENING-DA CLASSES	y -	
TOTAL	148		886		20-1		
SEX	Male	55%	Female	52%	Male	64%	
MAJORS	Unclassified General & PP Vocational	57% 28% 15%	Vocational General & PP Unclassified	46% 43% 11%	General & PP Vocational Unclassified	60% 28% 12%	
STUDENT STATUS	New Continuing	38ક 36ક	Continuing New	76% 12%	Continuing New	73 % 14 %	
FULL & PARY-TIME STATUS	Part-time	94%	Full-time	66%	Full-time	68%	
TOTAL SCH TAKEN	797		10,713		2,585		
AVERAGE SCII	5.4	ì	12.1		12. /		
PERMANENT HOME ADDRESS	Hawaii	998	Hawaii	94%	Hawaii	92*	
CITIZENSHTP STATUS	U.S.	97%	v.s.	92%	U.S.	93\$	
MEAN AGE	30.0 Years	5	23.4 Years	5	26.4 Years	3	
RESIDENT STATUS	Resident	99£	Resident	91%	Resident	928	
LOCAL ADDRESS	Makawao Kahului	24% 24%	Makawao	31%	Kahului	31.8	
MARITAL STATUS	Married	60%	Single	75%	Single	55%	
HAWAII HIGH SCHOOL GRADS (new students only)	Before 1970	95%	Before 1970	51%	Before 1970	67%	

^{*}Classes held after 5:00 p.m.

BEST COPY AVAILABLE



TABLE IV EVENING STUDENTS ONLY* FALL 1972 AND SPRING 1975

WINDWARD 1 Spring	1975	133	Male 64%	Gen & PP	83 6 Uncl	15 \$ Voc 2ª	Cont	53 & New 29s	Part-time	/8¢ U.S.	978 Hawaii	978 Windward	928 Married	919	Resident	306	6.7
WIND Fall	1972	1	Female 57%	Gen 6 PP	000		New	blw Transfer 31%	9		:::	g	8	29 6 Ven 2	Gent	304	4.7
MAUI Spring	1975		Male . 55%	Uncl	Gen & PP	Voc 15 6	New	Sont 36	P.		3.	Kahului/	ag	2	+	797	5.4
Fall	1972		Female 69	Uncl	V	Gen & PP	Transfer	New 338	Part-time	U.S.	Hawaii	1 4	8	30.3 Yrs	្រឡ	385	2.9
LEEWARD Spring	1,132		Male 738	Gen & PP 57	Voc	Uncl 146	Cont	New 268	Part-time Part-time	U.S.	Hawaii	Leeward	Married 70%	31.9 Yrs	Resident 918	7,837	6.9
Fall	689		Male 71%	Gen & PP	280	Unc1	Cont 498	New 248		U.S.	Hawaii 978	Leeward 74%	Married 59%	28.6 Yrs	Resident 90%	3,508	5.1
Kauai Spring	457		Male 64 8	Unc1	Gen & PP	Voc 148	Cont 528	2	Part-time	U.S. 958	Hawaii 928	Waimea 288	Married 66%	31.0 Yrs	Resident 91%	3,007	9.9
Fall	227		199 200	Uncl 88%	Gen & PP	700	New 348	Transfer 33%	Part-time 98%	U.S.	Hawaii 988	Lihue 37%	Married 60%	32.1 Yrs	Resident 96%	771	3.4
KAPIOLANI 1 Spring	460	0.64	528	Voc 498	Unc1 33%	Gen & PP 18%	Cont 478	New 28%	Part-time 88%	U.S. 968	Hawaii 988	Honolulu 88%	Single 528	28.6 Yrs	Rasident 978	2,759	6.0
Fal 197	178	Formalo	568	Unc1 65%	700 238	Gen & PP 118	New 388	Cont 29%	Part-time 978	U.S. 938	Hawaii 988	Honolulu 888	Single 58%	26.7 Yrs	Resident 97%	901	5.1
HONOLULU* Spring 1975	404	Male	508	Uncl 548	70c 36g	Gen & PP	New 408	Cont 37%	Part-time Part-t	U.S. 98%	Hawaii 86%	Honolulu 59%	Married 65%	32.7 Yrs	Resident 80%	1,899	4.7
TOTAL Spring 1975	2,796	Male	638	Gen & PP 418	Uncl 30%	Voc 29%	Cont 518	New 298	Part-time Part-time 97% 83%	U.S. 978	Hawaii 948	Leeward 48%	Married 63%	31.2 Yrs	Resident 91%	17,597	6.3
Fall .1972	1,310	Male	568	Unc1 43%	Gen & PP	Voc 15 8	Cont 35%	New 318	Part-time 97%	Մ.Տ. 97%	Hawaii 95%	Leeward 548	Married 56%	29.1 Yrs	Resident 93%	5,949	4.5
Characteristic	TOTAL	SEX		MAJORS			Student Status	14	FULL & PART-TIME STATUS	CITIZEISHIP SIMUS	PERPNENT HOVE ADDRESS	LOCAL ADDRESS	MARTIAL STATUS	MEAN AGE	RESIDENT STATUS	STUDENT OR HRS TAKEN	AVERAGE SCH

-13-

*Classes held after 5:00 p.m. **Honolulu Community College did not have an evening program in fall 1972. Sources: CC-IRP 52, "A Profile of Evening Students," May, 1973, and Table II, this report.

TABLE IV EVENING STUDENTS ONLY* FALL 1972 AND SPRING 1975

WINDWARD 1 Spring	1975	133	Male 64%	Gen & PP	83 6 Uncl	15 \$ Voc 2ª	Cont	53 & New 29s	Part-time	/8¢ U.S.	978 Hawaii	978 Windward	928 Married	919	Resident	306	6.7
WIND Fall	1972	1	Female 57%	Gen 6 PP	000		New	blw Transfer 31%	9		:::	g	8	29 6 Ven 2	Gent	304	4.7
MAUI Spring	1975		Male . 55%	Uncl	Gen & PP	Voc 15 6	New	Sont 36	P.		3.	Kahului/	ag	2	+	797	5.4
Fall	1972		Female 69	Uncl	V	Gen & PP	Transfer	New 338	Part-time	U.S.	Hawaii	1 4	8	30.3 Yrs	្រឡ	385	2.9
LEEWARD Spring	1,132		Male 738	Gen & PP 57	Voc	Uncl 146	Cont	New 268	Part-time Part-time	U.S.	Hawaii	Leeward	Married 70%	31.9 Yrs	Resident 918	7,837	6.9
Fall	689		Male 71%	Gen & PP	280	Unc1	Cont 498	New 248		U.S.	Hawaii 978	Leeward 74%	Married 59%	28.6 Yrs	Resident 90%	3,508	5.1
Kauai Spring	457		Male 64 8	Unc1	Gen & PP	Voc 148	Cont 528	2	Part-time	U.S. 958	Hawaii 928	Waimea 288	Married 66%	31.0 Yrs	Resident 91%	3,007	9.9
Fall	227		199 200	Uncl 88%	Gen & PP	700	New 348	Transfer 33%	Part-time 98%	U.S.	Hawaii 988	Lihue 37%	Married 60%	32.1 Yrs	Resident 96%	771	3.4
KAPIOLANI 1 Spring	460	0.64	528	Voc 498	Unc1 33%	Gen & PP 18%	Cont 478	New 28%	Part-time 88%	U.S. 968	Hawaii 988	Honolulu 88%	Single 528	28.6 Yrs	Rasident 978	2,759	6.0
Fal 197	178	Formalo	568	Unc1 65%	700 238	Gen & PP 118	New 388	Cont 29%	Part-time 978	U.S. 938	Hawaii 988	Honolulu 888	Single 58%	26.7 Yrs	Resident 97%	901	5.1
HONOLULU* Spring 1975	404	Male	508	Uncl 548	70c 36g	Gen & PP	New 408	Cont 37%	Part-time Part-t	U.S. 98%	Hawaii 86%	Honolulu 59%	Married 65%	32.7 Yrs	Resident 80%	1,899	4.7
TOTAL Spring 1975	2,796	Male	638	Gen & PP 418	Uncl 30%	Voc 29%	Cont 518	New 298	Part-time Part-time 97% 83%	U.S. 978	Hawaii 948	Leeward 48%	Married 63%	31.2 Yrs	Resident 91%	17,597	6.3
Fall .1972	1,310	Male	568	Unc1 43%	Gen & PP	Voc 15 8	Cont 35%	New 318	Part-time 97%	Մ.Տ. 97%	Hawaii 95%	Leeward 548	Married 56%	29.1 Yrs	Resident 93%	5,949	4.5
Characteristic	TOTAL	SEX		MAJORS			Student Status	14	FULL & PART-TIME STATUS	CITIZEISHIP SIMUS	PERPNENT HOVE ADDRESS	LOCAL ADDRESS	MARTIAL STATUS	MEAN AGE	RESIDENT STATUS	STUDENT OR HRS TAKEN	AVERAGE SCH

-13-

*Classes held after 5:00 p.m. **Honolulu Community College did not have an evening program in fall 1972. Sources: CC-IRP 52, "A Profile of Evening Students," May, 1973, and Table II, this report.